# Wednesday Night BIBLE STUDY

Wednesday, January 13, 2021 – First Baptist Church Buda Midweek Prayer Meeting & Bible Study



### THE IMPERISHABLE RICHES OF THE KINGDOM OF GOD Matthew 6:19-24

"Before you can impact the life of another for Christ, you must have been impacted by Christ in a personal and life-changing way" You can't be a world changer if your world hasn't been changed by Him to start with. Jesus' "Sermon on the Mount" actually teaches us how we may impact our world and the lives of those around us for Christ. We have been adding these important keys to impacting your world from Jesus's sermon. Let's review where we've been and add another one in our study as we proceed through Jesus' "Sermon on the Mount." We are now up to 11 important keys to impacting your world...

#### 11 Important Keys to Impacting Your World: (From the Sermon on the Mount)

- 1. To impact your world for Christ you must **KNOW CHRIST PERSONALLY** = Matthew 5:1-12, "The Beatitudes"
- 2. To impact your world for Christ you must <u>REFLECT CHRIST</u> to the <u>WORLD</u> (others) = *Matthew 5:13-16*, "Salt and Light"
- 3. To impact your world for Christ you must <u>LEARN</u> to <u>LIVE</u> by the <u>WORD</u> of God daily = *Matthew 5:17-21*, "Fulfilling and Living by the Word"
- 4. To impact your world for Christ you must <a href="RIGHTLY RELATE">RIGHTLY RELATE</a> to <a href="OTHERS">OTHERS</a> = Matthew 5:22ff
- 5. To impact your world for Christ you must **GUARD YOUR HEART** = Matthew 5:27-30
- 6. To impact your world for Christ you must **BUILD STRONG CHRIST- CENTERED MARRIAGES** and **HOMES** = *Matthew 5:31-32*
- 7. To impact your world for Christ you must <u>LIVE A LIFE OF INTEGRITY</u> = Matthew 5:33-48
- 8. To impact your world for Christ you must <a href="PRACTICE">PRACTICE</a> RADICAL GENEROSITY = Matthew 6:1-4
- 9. To impact your world for Christ you must **BECOME A MAN OR WOMAN OF DEEP AND FERVENT PRAYER** = *Matthew 6:5:15*
- 10. To impact your world for Christ you must GIVE YOURSELF AT TIMES TO THE SPIRITUAL DISCIPLINE OF FASTING = Matthew 6:16-18

## ■ 11. To impact your world for Christ you must <u>NOT LET THE THINGS OF THIS</u> <u>WORLD HAVE TOO GREAT AN IMPACT ON US</u>

Main Idea: Devote yourself to God alone and seek after eternal treasure in heaven because all other pursuits will fail you and others.

#### INTRODUCTION

Matthew, chapter 6 of Jesus' Sermon on the Mount actually contains 3 commands that you and I as followers of Christ are to follow as we live in relationship with Him and as we home to impact our world for Christ.

#### 3 Commands to Follow in Matthew 6 (The Sermon on the Mount):

- (1) Do not practice your <u>spiritual deeds</u> (giving, prayer, fasting, etc) in front of other to receive the praise of them (Mt. 6:1-18) This is about you and I and our motives and heart in why we do what we do religiously, in relationship with God
- (2) **Do not put your <u>treasure</u>** in the things of this world (Mt. 6:19-24) This is about you and I and where our heart really is, where our devotion and allegiance is. This may be a question of idols and idolatry in our lives, which by the way, is a huge present day problem
- (3) **Do not worry** (Mt. 6:25-34) This is about issues of trust, faith, and dependence on God, giving God our worries, fears and doubt, and seeking after Him alone in this life.

We want to focus on the second of these commands in this study, but more importantly we want to focus on the why of this second command, and more particularly on Jesus great teaching concerning the things of this world that we often allow to get a hold of our lives and hind not only our relationship with Him, but also our impact for Him on those around us.

Let's look at Jesus' words in verses 19-24 of Matthew, chapter 6 (READ: Matthew 6:19-24)

"Do not lay up for yourselves treasures on earth, where moth and rust destroy and where thieves break in and steal; 20 but lay up for yourselves treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor rust destroys and where thieves do not break in and steal. 15 For where your treasure is, there your heart will be also. 12 "The lamp of the body is the eye. If therefore your eye is good, your whole body will be full of light. 13 But if your eye is bad, your whole body will be full of darkness. If therefore the light that is in you is darkness, how great is that darkness! 14 "No one can serve two masters; for either he will hate the one and love the other, or else he will be loyal to the one and despise the other. You cannot serve God and mammon." -Matthew 6:19-24 (NKJV)



Dr. Daniel Akins, President of Southeastern Baptist Theological Seminary in Wake Forest, North Carolina, says this, "Earthly treasures may leave us in this life. It is certain, that we will leave earthly treasures in our death."

- (1) What do you think he is saying? Do you agree or disagree with this statement?
- (2) What does this statement say to us, as believers, about our perspective concerning earthly or material things in this life?
- (3) What does this statement tell us about what is really important in life and what really matters?

#### (4) How might this statement fit with Jesus' words in Matthew 6:19-24?

This simple, but obvious truth seeks to help us put things in proper perspective concerning what is real, ultimate, and of lasting value; what really matters and is of true importance.

You see we all have things that we treasure, that we value, that we are convinced are absolutely essential to our happiness and fulfillment.

- For some persons it is possessions, money, and the material things of life.
- For others it is their reputation, their standing and status in society.
- Still for others it is looks, brains, education or family.

And, the list goes on and on. For the Christian, things are different, or at least they should be.

Daniel Boerman says it like this, "The Christian lives in this world, but his sights are set on the world above." ("Imperishable Treasure," (Discipleship Journal, #21, 1985, p. 39).

He is simply echoing the words of Paul in Colossians 3:1-2 let's look at it together (hold your place there in Matthew 6, and turn to Colossians 3:1-2... here is what Paul says, "If then you were raised with Christ, seek those things which are above, where Christ is, sitting at the right hand of God. Set your mind on things above, not on things on the earth."

Paul is telling us that as believers/Christians, who have been raised with Christ, that we are supposed to be seeking not earthy things, but heavenly things. And that is Jesus' point in our passage.

Here is Matthew 6:19-24 Jesus deals with the subject of our priorities, what we treasure. He does so by addressing the heart (vs. 19-21), the soul (vs. 22-23) and the will (v. 24). Our Lord wants us to have three things according to His words in Matthew 6:19-24,

#### 3 Things Jesus Wants Us To Have:

- (1) The right treasure
- (2) The right devotion
- (3) The right master

Obviously that means it is possible, and even a temptation, to have the wrong treasure, be devoted to the wrong thing, and serve the wrong master. The stakes are high in this drama and battle for our soul.



The missionary Adoniram Judson helps us see just what is on the line when he says, "Life is short. Happiness consists not in outward circumstances. Millions of Burmans are perishing. I am almost the only person on earth who has attained their language to such a degree as to be able to communicate the way of salvation. How great are my obligations to spend and be spent for Christ! What a privilege to be allowed to serve him . . . and suffer for him . . . But in myself I am absolute nothingness. . . . Soon we shall be in heaven. Oh, let us live as we shall then wish we had done!" (EGT, 50)

There are three clear and simple movements that unfold our text in these verses. Putting them in context, Quarles is right, "verses 19-24 explicitly state the priorities that the model prayer [6:9-13] assumes" (Sermon on the Mount, 233).

#### JESUS SAYS PURSUE HEAVENLY TREASURES OVER EARTHLY TREASURES

Look with me again at Jesus' words in verses 19-21. Notice what Jesus says here, <sup>19</sup> "Do not lay up for yourselves treasures on earth, where moth and rust destroy and where thieves break in and steal; <sup>20</sup> but lay up for yourselves treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor rust destroys and where thieves do not break in and steal. <sup>21</sup> For where your treasure is, there your heart will be also."

*Interpretation Question:* When Christ calls believers to not store up treasures on earth, what is he clearly <u>not</u> referring to? Let me give you some things that I think we need to understand that He is not saying...

#### 3 Things That Jesus is Most Likely Not Saying:

- 1. Christ is not saying it is wrong to <u>own property</u> In the Ten Commandments, we are commanded to not steal, this implies that we can own property and that we shouldn't take the property of others.
- **2.** Christ is not teaching that we should despise <u>material wealth</u> 1 Timothy 6:17 says God "richly provides us with all things for our enjoyment." God gives us good things to enjoy, which often includes wealth.
- **3.** Christ is not teaching that we should neglect saving for future needs Proverbs 6:6-8 tells us to consider the ant who stores in the summer. In 2 Corinthians 12:14, Paul also talks about how children don't store up for parents, but parents for their children. 1 Timothy 5:8 also says whoever doesn't provide for his family is worse than an infidel. We must provide for our families and saving is part of how we do that.

So think about this, life is basically a series of decisions, of choices we make. These decisions shape our character and guide our destiny. Forks in the road confront us again and again. Which road will I take? Which path will I choose? Sometimes the choices are stark in their comparison: God or Satan? Right or Wrong? Righteousness or unrighteousness? Belief or unbelief? Light or darkness? Earthly treasures or heavenly treasures? The decisions we make are critically important. They can be eternal in their consequences.

Jesus simplifies things for us. He tells us there are only two places where our treasures can be: on earth or in heaven. These are our two options. What do we learn from where we have them?

#### **2 Important Lessons Concerning What You Treasure:**

- (1) What you treasure shows what you value (vv.19-20)
- (2) What you treasure shows where your <u>heart</u> is (v.21)

Let's look at these...

1. What you treasure shows what you value 6:19-20 - Jesus is direct and to the point... "Do not lay up for yourselves treasures on earth..." The verbal form is a present imperative, a word of command calling for constant caution.

Don't prize and treasure as most precious the things of this world. Why? He tells us, and it is wrapped up in Jesus' words here.

#### 2 Things to Remember About the Things of this World:

- (1) They don't <u>last</u> Notice it, "moths and rust destroy..." In other words they don't last... ever.
- (2) They can be <u>taken</u> <u>away</u> "thieves break in and steal..." Earthly, material things, regardless of what they are, can be take from us. There is literally not stability in them.

They don't last because "moth and rust" can destroy them. They are "here today and gone tomorrow." They lack staying power... "thieves can break in and destroy." They ultimately aren't capable of being protected.

In our modern, idolatrous context we need to be reminded that looks fade and bodies wear out. Money and items we cherish can be stolen or lose their value. These earthly treasures are transient and temporary. They don't last! So, what is our Lord's counsel? Treasure the right things that do last and can't be taken from you.

Verse 20 says it, "20 but lay up (store up) for yourselves treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor rust destroys and where thieves do not break in and steal. The verbal form is again a present imperative. It literally reads, "treasure for yourself treasures in heaven. . ." Earthly treasures are not secure but heavenly treasures are eternally secure.

Bible teacher Charles L. Quarles is very helpful when he points out that, "In the Sermon on the Mount the actions that are specifically described as accumulation rewards include suffering persecution for Jesus' sake (Matt. 5:12), loving one's enemies (5:46), generous gifts to the poor (6:2-4), fervent and sincere prayer (6:5-6), and humble fasting (6:16-18)" (Sermon on the Mount, 234). Jesus says, these are things worth treasuring. These are things of real and lasting value. 5

Where is your treasure located? Is it down here or up there? Is it located on the earth where it can be lost or is it safely secure in heaven?

2. What you treasure shows what is in your heart 6:21 - Jesus tells a story in Luke 12:16-21 that provides a helpful commentary on our text. Let's look at it together (READ: Luke 12:16-21), "If Then He spoke a parable to them, saying: "The ground of a certain rich man yielded plentifully. If And he thought within himself, saying, 'What shall I do, since I have no room to store my crops?' Is So he said, 'I will do this: I will pull down my barns and build greater, and there I will store all my crops and my goods. If And I will say to my soul, "Soul, you have many goods laid up for many years; take your ease; eat, drink, and be merry."

10 But God said to him, 'Fool! This night your soul will be required of you; then whose will those things be which you have provided? If "So is he who lays up treasure for himself, and is not rich toward God.

This story ties together verses 19-20 to verse 21. Store up treasure for yourself, here on earth, and you will not be rich toward God and heaven. In fact, the condition of your heart and what

you truly value will become clear for all to see. Why? Because "where your treasure is, there your heart will be also."

One of the basic and fundamental truths of the Christian faith is that our heart, who we really are on the inside, should belong to God. He created us and in Christ He has redeemed us, purchasing us with the precious blood of His Son. To love anyone or anything, to treasure anyone or anything, more than Jesus is nothing less that spiritual adultery. It is idolatry of the heart.

In Matthew 13:44, Jesus tells the parable of the hidden treasures buried in a field. When the man finds it, there is such delight and joy in his heart that "he goes and sells everything he has and buys that field." That treasure is the eternal kingdom of heaven. That treasure is Jesus. That treasure, worth more than all this world can offer, should be the treasure in our heart. Don Carson is right, "It is a poor bargain which exchanges the eternal for the temporal" (The Sermon on the Mount, 77).

#### JESUS SAYS PURSUE LIGHT (GOOD) OVER DARKNESS (EVIL)

Notice what Jesus says next in our passage in verses 22-23, "<sup>22</sup> "The lamp of the body is the eye. If therefore your eye is good, your whole body will be full of light. <sup>23</sup> But if your eye is bad, your whole body will be full of darkness. If therefore the light that is in you is darkness, how great is that darkness!"

You may wonder, how do these verses fit with what Jesus is saying about treasure... how does this fit? Sometimes the teachings of Jesus can be hard to understand. There is nothing wrong at all in acknowledging this. Sometimes his teachings are purposefully vague in order to make us think. At other times the problem is the time gap between living in the 1st and 21st century.

I believe verses 22-23 fall into this latter category. Now, the basic truth is not difficult to understand at all. It is a well-known theme we find repeatedly throughout the Bible. We should go hard after what is good, represented by the image of light, as opposed to going hard after evil, which is represented by the image of darkness.

Jesus uses the images of light and darkness to draw attention to what we love in John 3:19-21. Listen to Jesus' words... he says, "<sup>19</sup> And this is the condemnation, that the light has come into the world, and men loved darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil. <sup>20</sup> For everyone practicing evil hates the light and does not come to the light, lest his deeds should be exposed. <sup>21</sup> But he who does the truth comes to the light, that his deeds may be clearly seen, that they have been done in God."

So the basic principle of light and darkness is clear. The question then is this, what specifically was Jesus teaching in these two verses by His use of the terms? Two truths, I believe, stand out.

#### 2 Truths Jesus is Teaching in Relation to Light and Dark (in Matthew 6:22-23):

(1) Be single on your <u>devotion</u> (v.22) - "22" "The lamp of the body is the eye. If therefore your eye is good, your whole body will be full of light. Jesus says to His disciples, "The eye is the lamp of the body." This is easy. The eye is the source of light for us. Like a window lets light

into a house, the eye lets light into the body. Therefore, it is very important that we have good healthy eyes. Why? Jesus tells us, "If your eye is healthy, your whole body will be full of light." Your whole body will be full of truth.

#### 2 Possible Interpretations of the Good or Healthy Eye:

- 1. Good or healthy eye represents generosity in giving Because of the context, some think the good or healthy eye represents generosity in giving. An evil eye is stingy and miserly. It is an eye focused on earthly treasures not heavenly treasures. In contrast, a good and healthy eye is generous and giving. For example, Proverbs 22:9 says literally, "A good of eye person will be blessed, for he shares his food with the poor." Now, this is certainly a legitimate and possible understanding of this verse. However, there is another way this has been interpreted.
- 2. Good or healthy eye represents <u>fixed</u> or <u>single devotion</u> Most commentators believe the good or healthy eye is one of fixed and single devotion. The idea is you do not suffer from double vision, a double mind or a double heart! Quarles says, "the good [healthy] eye is one whose focus is fixed on God and whose vision is not blurred by focusing on two objects at the same time, God and possessions. . . In this adjective the themes of generosity toward others and singlehearted devotion to God coalesce to define the disciples proper view of possessions and riches" (249). D.A. Carson adds, "The good eye is the one fixed on God, unwavering in its gaze, constant in its fixation. . . the individual with a single eye toward kingdom values is the person characterized by maximum understanding of divinely revealed truth and by unabashedly pure behavior" (80). His eye is on the prize of one treasure, one kingdom and one Master, and he will not be distracted by anything this world has to offer.
- (2) Be on guard against self-deception (v.23) "23 But if your eye is bad, your whole body will be full of darkness. If therefore the light that is in you is darkness, how great is that darkness!" Verse 23, sadly, presents the exact opposite scenario of verse 22. The focus is now on a bad and unhealthy eye. You are attracted to and looking at the wrong things. Again, Charles L. Quarles puts it well, "When greed forces out any trace of inner good and only evil remains, the inner person is indescribably evil. The greedy person's corruption is complete. No room remains for God or pursuit of the kingdom and its righteousness (vv. 24, 33)" (253, emp. mine). \*Don't think so? Look at Washington D.C. today! Greed for power and postion, money and earthly fame has made those people in Washington "indescribably evil"... and those are sadly the leaders of our nation today!

Jesus is clear and direct, "But if your eye is bad, your whole body will be full darkness." Your perspective on life, your priorities, what is truly valuable and important, will all be turned upside down. You won't see things as they truly are. You will see but you will see wrongly. Therefore our Lord concludes, "So if the light within you is darkness, how deep is that darkness." The Message paraphrase is worth noting, "If you pull the blinds on your windows, what a dark life you will have!" Your self-deception will be complete. You will have lost the ability to see life correctly. James Montgomery Boice simply says, "If you are absorbed with money, you will miss everything else in life that really matters" (The Gospel of Matthew, vol. 1, 105).

#### JESUS SAYS PURSUE GOD OVER MONEY

Notice Jesus' words gain in verse 24 (Jesus says), <sup>24</sup> "No one can serve two masters; for either he will hate the one and love the other, or else he will be loyal to the one and despise the other. You cannot serve God and mammon."

John Piper says, "There is something about God and money that makes them tend to mastery. Either you are mastered by money and therefore ignore God or make him a bellhop for your business, or you are mastered by God and make money a servant of the kingdom. But if either tries to master you while you are mastered by the other you will hate and despise it. This is why Jesus said it is hard for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven. Much money makes a cruel master." ("Don't Be Anxious, Lay Up Treasures in Heaven," Part 1) (3-2-03).

Again Jesus, in this section of the Sermon on the Mount (Mt. 6:19-24) is telling us three things about the mark of His disciple Jesus says...

#### 3 Marks of a Disciple of Jesus: (folks, these are very important for us to grasp)

- (1) The mark of His disciple is that their eyes are fixed on heaven not earth
- (2) The mark of His disciple is that their is single and not divided
- (3) The mark of His disciple is that serve he serves the <u>right</u> master, not the wrong one

In verse 24, Jesus clarifies for us the situation we all face and the decision we must all make.

#### 2 Statements Jesus is Making About What Masters Us:

1. We can only <u>serve</u> one master - In verse 24 Jesus states a simple and irrefutable truth. It remains to this day a popular colloquial saying... "No one can serve two masters." By the very nature of a master/slave relationship a slave can have and serve just one master. Sinclair Ferguson is right, "We should notice the obvious implication of Jesus' teaching here. We were made to have a master" (The Sermon on the Mount, 140). Jesus then makes clear the dilemma we face. No one can serve equally well two masters because "either he will hate one and love the other, or he will be devoted to one and despise the other." To one master you will show love and devotion. To the other master you will demonstrate hate and spite.

Luke 14:26 provides a helpful insight where Jesus says, "If anyone comes to me and does not hate his own father and mother, wife and children, brothers and sisters—yes, and even his own life—he cannot be my disciple." Divided allegiance and loyalty is not possible in the Kingdom of God, especially when it comes to your master. "Only one can come out on top" (Carson, 81). Only one can be your Lord!

Charles Spurgeon is spot on when he said, "God and the world will never agree, and however much we may attempt it, we shall never be able to serve both. . . . You can live for this world, or you can live for the next; but to live equally for both is impossible" (C. H. Spurgeon, Commentary on Matthew, 64). We cannot submit to two Kings. We cannot obey two Commanders-inChief. We cannot serve two masters. We cannot worship two Gods.

**2.** We can only <u>satisfy</u> one master - Jesus now specifies the #1 challenge to total and absolute surrender to His Lordship... money (KJV, mammon). "Originally the word meant "something in which one puts their confidence..." (Carson, 81). The principle, once again is simple, "You cannot serve both God and money (or mammon)." The simple fact is one will win and one will lose in terms of mastery over your life. Divided loyalty is not an option. You cannot be devoted to two things, here God and money, at the same time.

The issue is really not what you have. The issue is who or what controls you, who or what you live for.

If you live for God, you can't live for money. If you live for money, you can't live for God. Jesus clearly understood that we only have so much devotion, love and service to give. This requires us making some hard but necessary choices. The more we love money, the less we will love God. As our obsession for money increases, our passion for God decreases. Sell your soul to money and you will forfeit your soul to God. Money, in the final analysis, as a god, will only take you down. It is God as your God alone, who can take you up.

#### **CONCLUSION**

I do not know if the Apostle Paul was meditating on Matthew 6:19-24 when he penned 1 Timothy 6:17-19. I do know it provides a fitting commentary and conclusion to our study of this text so I close with Paul's words to Timothy in 1 Timothy 6:17-19... just listen to this,

"17 Command those who are rich in this present age not to be haughty, nor to trust in uncertain riches but in the living God, who gives us richly all things to enjoy. 18 Let them do good, that they be rich in good works, ready to give, willing to share, 19 storing up for themselves a good foundation for the time to come, that they may lay hold on eternal life."